

AOT Lab
Dipartimento di Ingegneria
dell'Informazione
Università degli Studi di Parma



A Multi-Agent System to Support Remote Software Development

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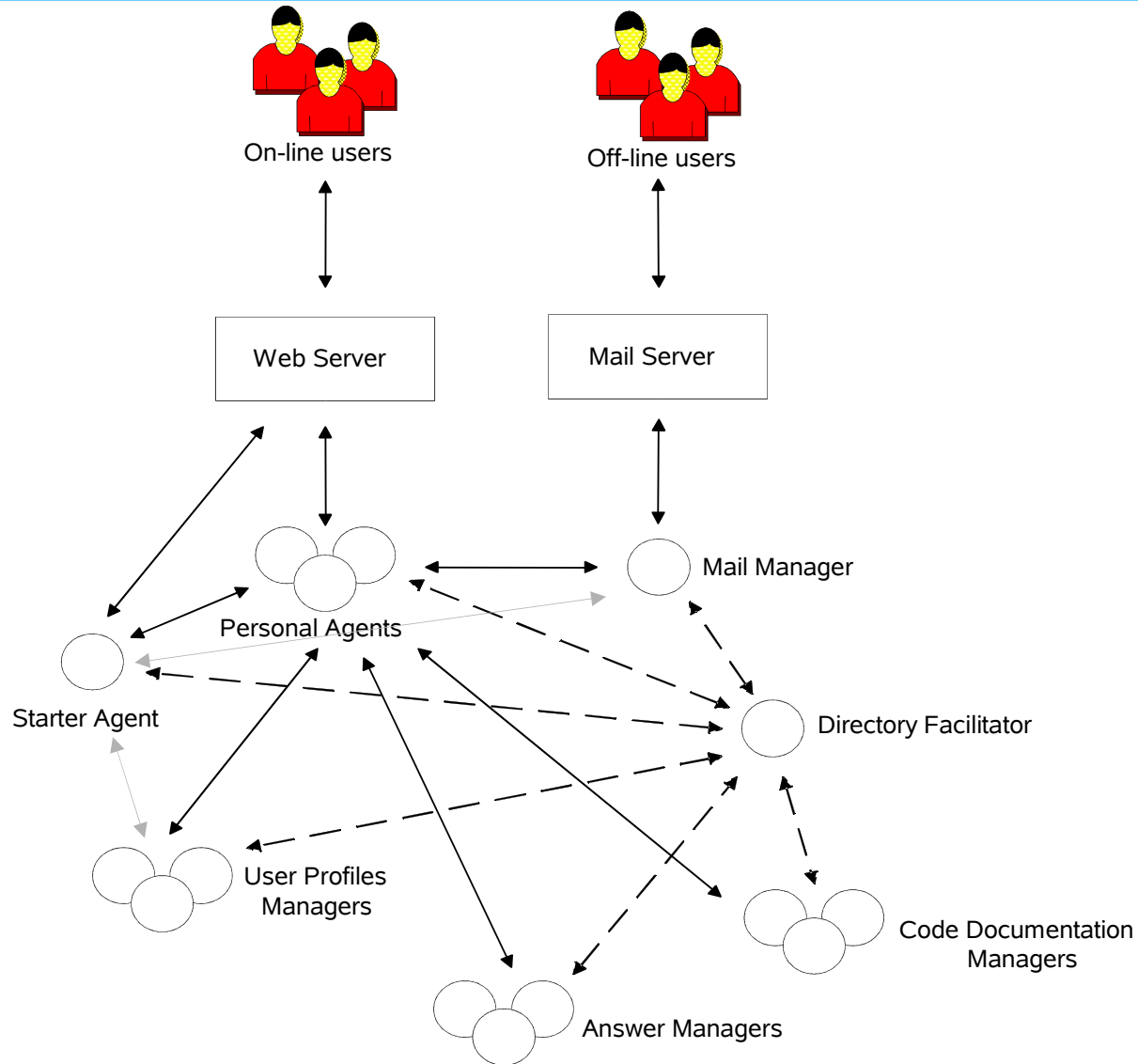
- ◆ The RAP system
 - Architecture
 - Case Study
 - Documents and profiles management
 - Implementation

- ◆ Related and future works

- ◆ Finding relevant information is a longstanding problem
 - Conventional approaches partially address the problem
 - Often the most valuable information is not widely available
 - ➔ finding the “expert”
 - ➔ avoiding
 - “banal” questions
 - asking different times the same questions

- ◆ A multi-agent system that integrates information and expert searching facilities
 - First prototype: specialized for communities of remote students and researchers working on related projects, using the Java programming language
- ◆ Supports users by recommending:
 - Documents (javadocs, tutorials, code fragments)
 - Expert answers
 - On-line or off-line experts

- ◆ The system is based on seven different kinds of agents:
 - Personal Agents
 - Code Documentation Managers
 - Answer Managers
 - User Profile Managers
 - Email Managers
 - Starter Agents
 - Directory Facilitators



- ◆ The user submits a query through a web interface

- ◆ The query is composed of two parts:
 - **Annotation:** list of
 - Keywords from the system glossary
 - Package and/or class names from Java/JADE API
 - **Content:** textual description

- ◆ The user can select the types of answers she/he would like to receive

◆ Scenario:

A user asks information to hers/his own PA in order to solve a problem.

The PA finds one (or more) “pieces of information” that may help her/him.

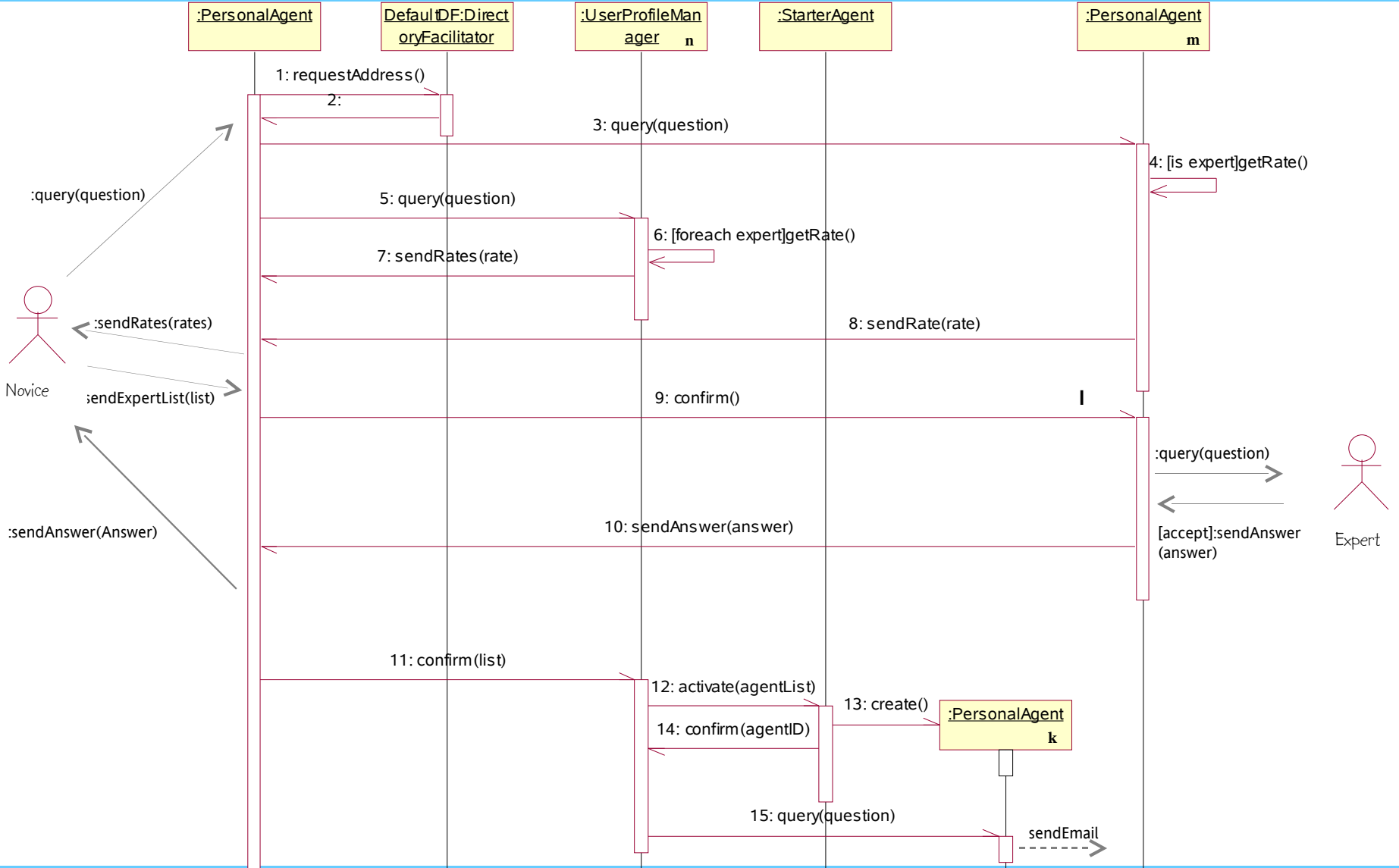
◆ Related issues:

- Submit a query
- Find answers
- Rate answers

- ◆ Documentation/answer repositories
 - PA asks DF for all the code documentation/answer managers
 - PA forwards the query to all the manager agents
 - They send back code fragments/answers related to the query, with an assigned score

- ◆ Users with the appropriate expertise
 - Find experts
 - Receive expert rating
 - Select experts
 - Receive answers

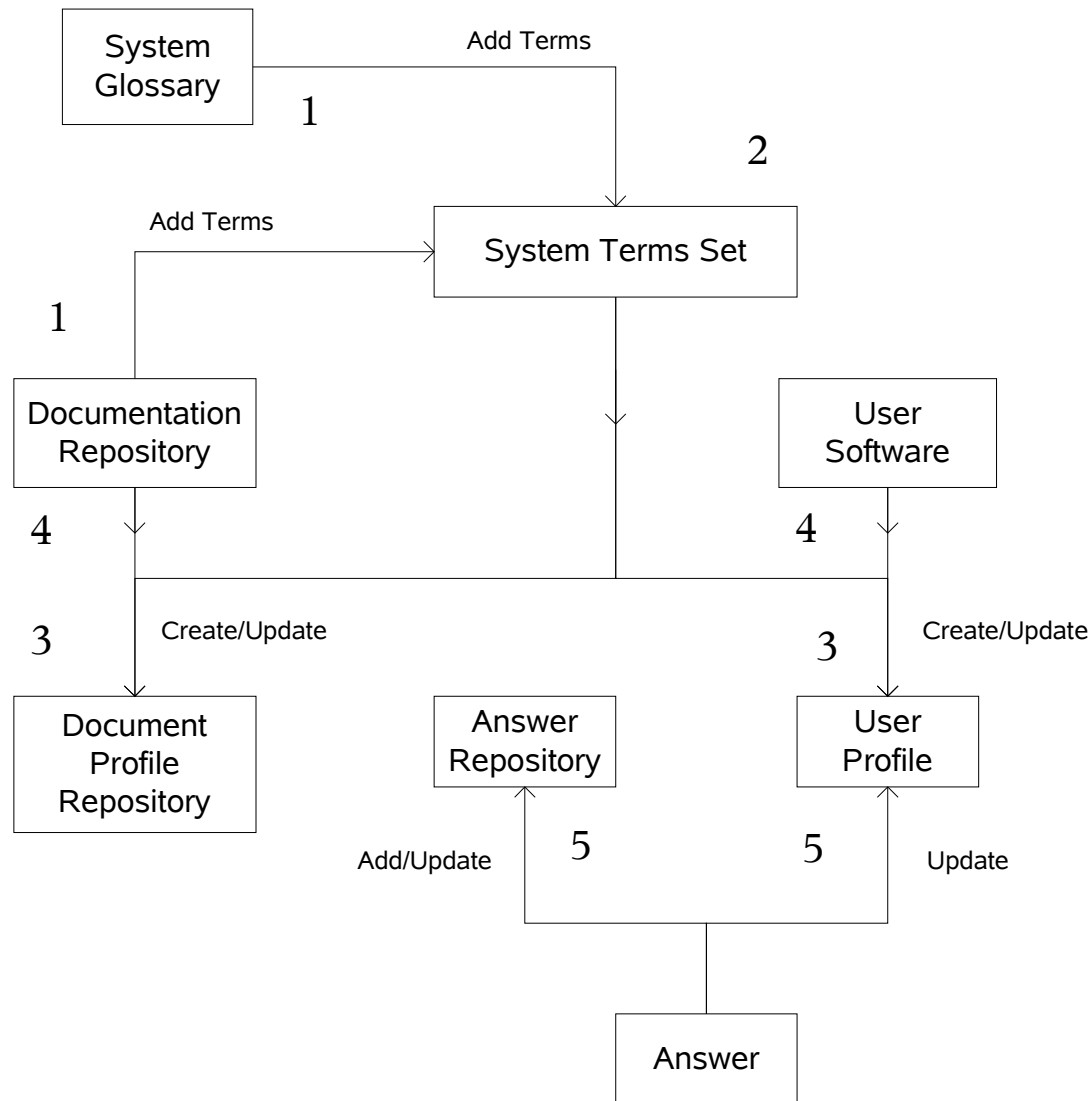
Novice - Experts Interaction



- ◆ Finally the PA asks the user to rate the list of the answers received
- ◆ The PA forwards each rating to the corresponding agent (PA, Answer Manager, User Profile Manager)
 - Automating profiling
 - Reduce the possibility of inaccuracy
 - Profiles are dynamic
 - But agents might be wrong in their assessments
 - Users can alter their profiles

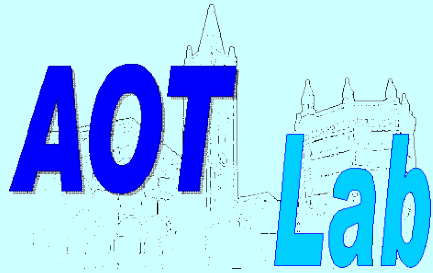
- ◆ Terms used in the profiles are not extracted from a training set of documents, but correspond to:
 - Terms included in the system glossary
 - SUN “glossary of Java related terms”
 - Package and class names of Java/JADE software libraries
- ◆ Both documents and user profiles are represented by vectors of weighted terms. Weights correspond to:
 - Documents: TF-IDF weight
 - Users:
 - The real frequency in the source code
 - History of help interactions - rating assigned to the answers
 - “decaying expertise”

Profile Management Process



- ◆ RAP has similarities with WBT, I-MINDS and, in particular, with the Expert Finder system
 - All these systems provide agents that recommend possible “helpers”
 - ***But ...***
 - None of them provides integration of different sources of information (experts, answers archive and code documentation)
 - None of them builds the users’ profile by using both
 - Their own Java source code files
 - The answers provided by the users themselves

- ◆ RAP implementation by using JADE
- ◆ We plan to test RAP in practical courses on JADE shared among students and researchers involved in two projects:
 - @lis Technology Net
 - ANEMONE
- ◆ We plan to extend RAP to be used in other software development areas:
 - Maintenance
 - Design
 - ...



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Questions?

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